## **ABSTRACT**

## (RESUME ARTIKEL)

## PROFIL PERESEPAN OBAT KARDIOVASKULER PADA PASIEN RAWAT JALAN DI RUMAH SAKIT

## YUNANINGTYAS PUSPITA DEWI

The heart is the most important organ in the body, because no cells and tissues can function properly without adequate oxygen and blood supply. If there are problems with the heart, the whole body will be greatly affected. The aim is to determine the percentage of drug use and the number of drugs used as a reference in the planning and drug procurement process. The drugs used to treat the heart depend on the type of heart disease itself. Several classes of drugs that are generally used in the treatment of heart disease include: Diuretics, Vasodilators, Statins, Fibrates, Hydrochlorthiasis (HCT), Calcium blockers, Block blockers, Nitrate groups, Angiotensin converting enzyme (EPA) inhibitors and Anticoagulants. The summary results of the profile of cardiovascular drug prescriptions in hospital patients show that the highest types of drugs used by heart disease sufferers are Amlodipine at 32.7%, Bisoprolol at 25.7%, candesartan at 21.9% and furosemide at 13.2%. The conclusion from this resume is that cardiovascular sufferers generally suffer from men at 56% with a maximum age range of 45-65 years at 69% and the drug most commonly prescribed is amlodipine at 32.7%.

**Keywords:** Cardiovascular disease, Drugs, Out patient.